

Cambridge International A Level

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Paper 4 Language Topics MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 50 9093/41 October/November 2022

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

English & Media subject specific general marking principles

(To be read in conjunction with the Generic Marking Principles (and requiring further guidance on how to place marks within levels))

Components using level descriptors:

- We use level descriptors as a guide to broad understanding of the qualities normally expected of, or typical of, work in a level.
- Level descriptors are a means of general guidance, and should not be interpreted as hurdle statements.
- Where indicative content notes are supplied for a question, these are *not* a prescription of required content, and must not be treated as such. Alternative correct points and unexpected answers in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the knowledge and skills demonstrated.
- While we may have legitimate expectations as to the ground most answers may occupy, we must at all times be prepared to meet candidates on their chosen ground, provided it is relevant ground (e.g. clearly related to and derived from a relevant passage/text and meeting the mark scheme requirements for the question).

English Language specific marking instructions:

AO1 Read and demonstrate understanding of a wide variety of texts. (Understanding)

- Marks should be awarded for the accuracy of the candidate's understanding of the text and its features, **not** for any analysis of them which is recognised under AO3.
- Where comparison is required, marks should be awarded for the candidate's recognition of similarities and differences between the texts and their features, **not** for any consequent analysis.
- When awarding a 'best-fit' mark within a Level for each AO, consider each bullet point equally.

AO2 Write effectively, creatively, accurately and appropriately, for a range of audiences and purposes. (Writing)

- Marks should be awarded equally on the basis of the level of the candidate's written expression (range of features used and accuracy) and the development of their writing (its organisation and relevance to task and audience).
- When awarding a 'best-fit' mark within a Level for each AO, consider each bullet point equally.

AO4: Demonstrate understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches. (Conceptualisation)

- Marks should be awarded equally on the basis of the level of the candidate's understanding of the relevant issues, concepts, methods and approaches represented both in the text(s) and in their wider studies.
- When awarding a 'best-fit' mark within a Level for each AO, consider each bullet point equally.

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Marking criteria for Section A Question 1 and Section B Question 2

Table A

Level	AO1: Read and demonstrate understanding of a wide variety of texts. 10 marks	AO2: Write effectively, creatively, accurately and appropriately, for a range of audiences and purposes. 5 marks	AO4: Demonstrate understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches. 10 marks
5	 Sophisticated understanding of text (meaning/context/audience) Insightful reference to specific points 9–10 marks 	 Sophisticated expression, with a high level of accuracy Content is fully relevant; ideas are developed throughout in a sophisticated manner 5 marks 	 Sophisticated understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches represented in the text Insightful reference to wider study of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches 9–10 marks
4	 Detailed understanding of text (meaning/context/audience) Effective reference to specific points 7–8 marks 	 Effective expression, with a few minor errors which do not impede communication Content is relevant; ideas are developed in an effective manner 4 marks 	 Detailed understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches represented in the text Effective reference to wider study of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches 7–8 marks
3	 Clear understanding of text (meaning/context/audience) Clear reference to specific points 5–6 marks 	 Clear expression, with occasional errors which do not impede communication Content is relevant; ideas are developed clearly 3 marks 	 Clear understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches represented in the text Clear reference to wider study of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches 5–6 marks

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Level	AO1: Read and demonstrate understanding of a wide variety of texts. 10 marks	AO2: Write effectively, creatively, accurately and appropriately, for a range of audiences and purposes. 5 marks	AO4: Demonstrate understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and approaches. 10 marks			
2	 Limited understanding of text (meaning/context/audience) Limited reference to specific points 3–4 marks 	 Expression is clear but may not flow easily, with frequent errors which generally do not impede communication Content is mostly relevant; ideas are developed in a limited manner 2 marks 	 Limited understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and/or approaches represented in the text Some limited reference to wider study of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and/or approaches 3–4 marks 			
1	 Basic understanding of text (meaning/context/audience) Minimal reference to specific points 1–2 marks 	 Basic expression, with frequent errors which impede communication Content may lack relevance in parts; minimal development of ideas 1 mark 	 Basic understanding of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and/or approaches represented in the text Minimal reference to wider study of linguistic issues, concepts, methods and/or approaches 1–2 marks 			
0	No creditable response 0 marks	No creditable response 0 marks	No creditable response 0 marks			

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Section A: English in the world

Question	Answer	Marks
1	Read the following text, which is an extract from an article posted on <i>The Conversation</i> website in 2020.	25
	Discuss what you feel are the most important issues raised in the text relating to varying use of English globally. You should refer to specific details from the text as well as to ideas and examples from your wider study of English in the world.	
	Mark according to the levels of response marking criteria in Table A.	
	Additional guidance:	
	The comments below are illustrative and are not intended to be exhaustive. Candidates may make other valid comments that should be credited.	
	Responses might discuss the following:	
	 the concept of standard English and prescriptive and descriptive approaches to varieties of English how varieties of English such as AAVE often get <i>negative attention</i>, are <i>hotly debated</i> and are often <i>denounced as grammatically incorrect</i> how some contend that they're <i>not English</i>, <i>but rather the legacy of an English-based creole</i> 	
	 how researchers have shown that many non-standard features are direct offshoots of an older stage of English they are making a unique and distinctive contribution to English in the world 	
	• example of the northern subject rule and how the standard English requirement that subject and verb agree in the third- person singular is actually relatively recent	
	 how the same pattern is heard in other varieties of English 	
	• how there is a historical precedent for many other linguistic features now denounced as grammatically incorrect	
	 how language is constantly evolving throughout the world. 	

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Section B: Language and the self

Question	Answer	Marks
2	Read the following text, which is an extract from an article published on the BBC News website in 2020.	25
	Discuss what you feel are the most important issues raised in the text relating to the ways in which language can shape and reflect personal and social identity. You should refer to specific details from the text as well as to ideas and examples from your wider study of Language and the self.	
	Mark according to the levels of response marking criteria in Table A.	
	Additional guidance:	
	The comments below are illustrative and are not intended to be exhaustive. Candidates may make other valid comments that should be credited.	
	Responses might discuss the following:	
	 how some schools are urging students to ditch slang words in lessons in order to teach them how to use formal English how some schools have introduced anti-slang posters and stickers, grammar police badges and word jails examples from the text of slang: peng, bare and emosh how slang bans may actually cause more harm than good the descriptive view, that there is no incorrect or correct way of using language how others take a more prescriptive stance, claiming that a ban is necessary how language is seen by some as part of your identity and how banning slang may be a threat to a person's identity how young people will police their own language and are able to code-switch when necessary the hypocrisy, rooted in cultural and linguistic snobbery, of accepting Shakespearian language which is full of slang 	
	 the idea that allowing the use of slang is not doing any favours for underprivileged children because of their 'linguistic impoverishment' 	
	• the idea that illiteracy can lead to <i>under-employment</i> , <i>unemployment or destitution</i> .	